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Real-valued measurable cardinals and well-orderings of the reals. (English) Zbl 1111.03044 Bagaria, Joan (ed.) et al., Set theory. Centre de Recerca Matemàtica Barcelona, 2003–2004. Basel: Birkhäuser (ISBN 3-7643-7691-0/hbk). Trends in Mathematics, 83-120 (2006).

Summary: We show that the existence of atom lessly measurable cardinals is incompatible with the existence of well-orderings of the reals in L(), but consistent with the existence of well-orderings of the reals that are third-order definable in the language of arithmetic. Specifically, we provide a general argument that, starting from a measurable cardinal, produces a forcing extension where \mathfrak{c} is real-valued measurable and there is a Δ_2^2 -well-ordering of . A variation of this idea, due to Wood in, gives Σ_1^2 -well-orderings when applied to $L[\mu]$ or, more generally, $\Sigma_1^2(\mathrm{Hom}_\infty)$ if applied to nice inner models, provided enough large cardinals exist in V. We announce a recent result of Wood in indicating how to transform this variation into a proof from large cardinals of the Ω -consistency of real-valued measurability of \mathfrak{c} together with the existence of Σ_1^2 -definable well-orderings of . It follows that if the Ω -conjecture is true, and large cardinals are granted, then this statement can always be forced.

However, we introduce a strengthening of real-valued measurability (real-valued hugeness), show its consistency, and prove that it contradicts the existence of third-order definable well-orderings of .

For the entire collection see [Zbl 1097.03004].

MSC:

- 03E35 Consistency; independence results (set theory)
- 03E45 Constructibility, ordinal definability, and related notions
- 03E55 Large cardinals